

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
KAMA Realty (Delhi) Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **KAMA Realty (Delhi) Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025 the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year then ended.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its Profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act ") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered



material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143 of such controls. (3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) To evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all



relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 & 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including (other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of accounts
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the directors are disqualified as at 31st March 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Companies Act 2013.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197 of the Act, as amended:

According to the information and explanation provided to us, the Company has not paid director's remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting as required u/s 197 of the Act is not applicable.



- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit & Auditor's) Rules, 2014 as amended, In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year ending March 31, 2025. Also, no dividend has been proposed by the Board for the year ending March 31, 2025. Accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(f) is not applicable.



- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software systems for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which have the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software systems. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO
Chartered Accountants
Firms Registration No.000262N



Vishwas Tripathi

(Vishwas Tripathi)
Partner

Membership No. 086897

Place: New Delhi
Date: 29th May, 2025

UDIN: 25086897 BMD45B1411

ANNEXURE- "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

"Annexure A" referred to in paragraph (1) of the report on other legal and regulatory requirements of Independent Auditor's Report to the members of KAMA Realty (Delhi) Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

i. In respect of Property Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:

- (a) (A) The Company has no Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets. The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its Investment Properties.

(B) The Company has no intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The Company has a phased program of physical verification of its Investment Properties which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with such program, the management has physically verified its Investment Properties during the year and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) Title deeds of all immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements included under Investment Properties, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- (d) The Company has no Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 as amended, and rules made thereunder

ii. In respect of Inventories:

- (a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.



- (b) The company has not been sanctioned working capital limit in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- iii. The Company has made investment in other entity and grant unsecured loans to fellow subsidiaries during the year. The company has not provided any guarantees or security or granted any loans or advance in the nature of loan to other companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year.
- (a) The Company has provided unsecured loans to fellow subsidiaries during the year. The disclosures as required under 3(iii)(a)(A) and 3(iii)(a)(B) of the Order are reported below:

Particulars	Amt. in Lakhs
Aggregate amount of loans granted/ provided during the year to:	
• Fellow Subsidiaries	2,330.00
• Other Entities	-
Balance outstanding as at Balance sheet date in respect of above loans to:	
• Fellow Subsidiaries	-
• Other Entities	-

- (b) In our opinion, the investments made and the term and conditions of grant of loans during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the company's interest.
- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company during the year and earlier years to fellow subsidiaries, the said loans are repayable on demand and the payment of interest has been stipulated. According to the information and explanations given to us, payment of interest have been regular and loans have been repaid during the year, as and when demanded for repayment by the Company from the fellow subsidiaries.
- (d) In respect of said loans granted by the Company during the year and earlier years, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as the balance sheet date.
- (e) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the current year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The Company has granted unsecured loans, during the year, to fellow subsidiaries aggregating to Rs. 2,330.00 Lakhs, which is repayable on demand. The disclosure as required under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order are reported below.



Particulars	All Parties (In Lakhs)	Promoters (In Lakhs)	Related Parties (In Lakhs)
Aggregate amount of loans/ advances in nature of loans			
Repayable on demand (A)	-	-	2,330.00
Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	-	-	2,330.00
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans	-	-	100%

iv. The Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013, to the extent applicable, in respect of loans granted and investments made.

v. The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

vi. According to information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of business carried out by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vii. **In respect of statutory dues:**

(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including income-tax, goods and services tax and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed amount payable in respect of the aforesaid dues which are outstanding as at 31st March, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.

(b) According to information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited by the company on account of any disputes.

viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

ix. **In Respect of Loan and Borrowings:**



- (a) The Company has taken interest free loan from its holding company, KAMA Holdings Ltd. (KHL), which is repayable on demand. As per the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of records examined by us, the company has repaid the loan amount as and when demanded by KHL.
- (b) The company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short- term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary.
- (f) The company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of investment held in its subsidiary and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

x. **In Respect of IPO/FPO and Private Placement:**

- (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi. **In respect of fraud and whistle blower complaints:**

- (a) No fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.



- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 188 and 177 of Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable, and details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and hence the provisions of section 192 of companies act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. **In respect of registration with RBI and reporting for Core Investment Company:**
- (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion, there is only one Core Investment Company within the Group which is not required to be registered with the Reserve Bank of India.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



xx. In respect of unspent amount of CSR:

- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project other than ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of ongoing projects, the Company has transferred the unspent amount to a Special Account within a period of 30 days from the end of the financial year in compliance with Section 135(6) of the said Act.
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For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO
Chartered Accountants
Firms Registration No.000262N





(Vishwas Tripathi)
Partner

Membership No. 086897

Place: New Delhi
Date: 29th May, 2025

ANNEXURE- "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KAMA Realty (Delhi) Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Control

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

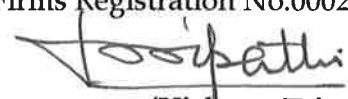
A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in condition or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO
Chartered Accountants
Firms Registration No.000262N




(Vishwas Tripathi)
Partner
Membership No. 086897

Place: New Delhi
Date: 29th May, 2025

KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

(Wholly owned Subsidiary of KAMA Holdings Limited)

Regd. Address: The Galleria, DLF Mayur Vihar, Unit No. 236 & 237, Second Floor,
Mayur Place, Noida Link Road, Mayur Vihar Phase I Extn, Delhi- 110 091
CIN:U70101DL2007PLC160735



BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

Particulars	Note No.	Amount in Lakhs	
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
1 Non-Current Assets			
(a) Investment Properties	3	2,784.81	2,845.17
(b) Financial Assets			
Investments	4	5,963.99	2,732.69
		8,748.80	5,577.86
2 Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
Investments	4	148.51	227.62
Cash and cash equivalents	5	15.08	19.06
Loans	6	-	686.00
Other financial assets	7	149.47	120.15
(b) Deferred tax Assets	16	18.43	-
(c) Other current assets	8	0.49	0.49
		331.98	1,053.32
Total Assets		9,080.78	6,631.18
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 EQUITY			
(a) Equity Share capital	9	6.00	6.00
(b) Other Equity	10	8,692.00	6,263.64
		8,698.00	6,269.64
2 LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	11	304.64	282.61
(b) Other non-current liabilities	12	34.05	53.66
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	16	-	0.56
		338.69	336.83
Current Liabilities			
(a) Other financial liabilities	13	13.83	0.23
(b) Other current liabilities	14	10.53	10.51
(c) Current tax liabilities(net)	15	19.73	13.97
		44.09	24.71
Total Equity And Liabilities		9,080.78	6,631.18

Accompanying notes 1 to 33 forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date
For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Regn. No. 000262N

Vishwas Tripathi

Partner

M.No. 086897

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025



For KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

Ekta Maheshwari

(Director)

(DIN No. 02071432)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

Anandi Prasad

(Director)

(DIN: 06385576)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

(Signature)

KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

(Wholly owned Subsidiary of KAMA Holdings Limited)

Regd. Address: The Galleria, DLF Mayur Vihar, Unit No. 236 & 237, Second Floor,
Mayur Place, Noida Link Road, Mayur Vihar Phase I Extn, Delhi- 110 091
CIN:U70101DL2007PLC160735



STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	17	720.56	720.47
Other Income	18	2,055.56	115.76
TOTAL INCOME		2,776.12	836.23
EXPENSES			
Finance costs	19	22.66	20.93
Depreciation and amortization expenses	20	60.36	60.36
Other expenses	21	31.05	33.58
TOTAL EXPENSES		114.07	114.87
Profit/(Loss) before tax		2,662.05	721.36
Tax expense	22		
Current tax		154.61	149.56
Deferred tax		(0.18)	0.56
Relating to earlier years		1.60	0.18
		156.03	150.30
Profit/(Loss) after tax		2,506.02	571.06
Other comprehensive Income for the year			
(A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Change in fair value of financial assets measured at FVTOCI		(96.47)	55.62
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		18.81	-
Subtotal (A)		(77.66)	55.62
(B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Subtotal (B)		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		(77.66)	55.62
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		2,428.36	626.68
Earnings per share	23		
Basic (Rs.)		4,175.31	951.44
Diluted (Rs.)		4,175.31	951.44

Accompanying notes 1 to 33 forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date
For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Regn. No. 000262N

Vishwas Tripathi

Partner

M.No. 086897

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025



For KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

Ekta Maheshwari

(Director)

(DIN No. 02071432)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

Ekta

Anand Prasad

Anandi Prasad

(Director)

(DIN: 06385576)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

(Wholly owned Subsidiary of KAMA Holdings Limited)

Regd. Address: The Galleria, DLF Mayur Vihar, Unit No. 236 & 237, Second Floor,
Mayur Place, Noida Link Road, Mayur Vihar Phase I Extn, Delhi- 110 091
CIN:U70101DL2007PLC160735



CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Particulars		Amount (Rs./lakhs)	
		Year Ended March 31, 2025	Year Ended March 31, 2024
A	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net Profit before tax	2,662.05	721.36
	Adjustments for		
	Depreciation	60.36	60.36
	Net Gain on fair value changes (Ind-AS adjustment)	0.72	(2.23)
	Other Ind-AS adjustment	2.41	0.76
	Interest Income	(46.59)	(115.76)
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	2,678.95	664.49
	Adjustments for		
	Trade and Other Receivables	29.32	28.91
	Trade Payables and Provisions	(13.63)	-
	Cash Generated from operations before tax	2,694.64	693.40
	Taxation	(154.60)	(149.80)
	Net Cash from operating activities (A)	2,540.04	543.60
B	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
	Purchase of Investments	(6,204.00)	(1,054.29)
	Sale of Investments	1,307.39	294.58
	Capital Infuse in LLP	(405.00)	-
	Loan refunded (net)	686.00	115.00
	Return of Capital	2,025.00	3,060.00
	Interest Income	46.59	115.76
	Net Cash from Investment Activities (B)	(2,544.02)	2,531.05
C	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Proceeds (Repayment) of Short term borrowings (net)	-	(2,230.00)
	Dividend paid on equity shares	-	(849.28)
	Net cash used in/ from financing activities (C)	-	(3,079.28)
	Net increase/(decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents D=(A+B+C)	(3.98)	(4.63)
	Cash & Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (E)	19.06	23.69
	Cash & Cash equivalents at the close of the year F =(D+E)	15.08	19.06

Accompanying notes 1 to 33 forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000262N


Vishwas Tripathi

Partner

M.No. 086897

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025



For KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED


Ekta Maheshwari
(Director)

(DIN No. 02071432)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025


Anandi Prasad
(Director)

(DIN: 06385576)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

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CIN:U70101DL2007PLC160735



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

A. Equity Share Capital

	Amount in Lakhs	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	6.00	6.00
Changes in Equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	6.00	6.00
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	6.00	6.00

B. Other Equity

	Amount in Lakhs			
	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
As at April 01, 2023	0.02	6,415.21	71.01	6,486.24
Profit during the year	-	571.06	-	571.06
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	55.62	55.62
Dividend paid during the year	-	(849.28)	-	(849.28)
Balance at March 31, 2024	0.02	6,136.99	126.63	6,263.64
Profit during the year	-	2,506.02	-	2,506.02
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	(77.66)	(77.66)
Dividend paid during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2025	0.02	8,643.01	48.97	8,692.00

As per our report of even date

For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000262N

Vishwas Tripathi

Partner

M.No. 086897

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025



For KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

Ekta

Ekta Maheshwari

(Director)

(DIN No. 02071432)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

Anandi Prasad

Anandi Prasad

(Director)

(DIN: 06385576)

Place: Gurugram, Haryana

Date: 29.05.2025

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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

1 Corporate Information, Material Accounting Policies and Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

Corporate Information

Kama Realty (Delhi) Limited ("the Company/KRDL") is a public limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The registered office of the Company is situated at The Galleria, DLF Mayur Vihar, Unit No. 236 and 237, Mayur Vihar Place, Mayur Vihar Phase I Extn, Delhi - 110091.

The Company is in the business of leasing out real estate properties and investment in group entities. The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 29.05.2025.

2 Material Accounting Policies

A Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the 2013 Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the 2013 Act.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies mentioned below. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is also the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated.

B The material accounting policies are set out below.

1 Investment Property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment properties are measured initially at cost of acquisition, including transaction costs. On transition to IND AS, the Company has elected to measure all of its investment properties at the previous GAAP carrying value (deemed cost).

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the statement of Profit & Loss as incurred.

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on straight line basis over the useful life specified in schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The useful life has been considered as 60 years for the depreciation of the Investment Properties.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of the each financial year and adjusted prospectively.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes.(Refer Note 3)

Investment properties are de-recognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss in the period of de-recognition.

2 Lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.



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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Company with expected inflationary costs. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amount due from lessee under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting period so as to reflect a constant periodical rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

3 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions

The company recognises a provision when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made.

When the company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities and commitments are reviewed by the management at each balance sheet date.

4 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised only when it can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

- Lease income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of lease.
- Interest income is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company using the effective interest rate and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding.

5 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

a) Current tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss account i.e. in Other comprehensive income or equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.



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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the company has a legally enforceable right for such set off.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity.

6 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

7 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value, plus in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets of the company are classified in three categories:

- a) At amortised cost
- b) At fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- c) At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

Financial asset is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity Investments

All equity investments in the scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are measured at fair value through profit and loss.

For all other equity instruments, the company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value.

The company makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in other comprehensive income. This cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to statement of profit and loss on disposal of such instruments.

Investments representing equity interest in subsidiaries are carried at cost less any provision for impairment.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the balance sheet) when:

- a) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- b) The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (i) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the company's continuing involvement. In that case, the company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained.



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

Impairment of financial assets

The company recognizes loss allowance using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all financial assets with contractual cash flows other than trade receivable, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of ECL (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

B) Financial liabilities and Equity instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs, if any. The company's financial liabilities include borrowings and trade and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

Borrowings

Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any differences between the proceeds (net of transaction cost) and the redemption/repayment amount is recognised in profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the Effective interest rate method.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Equity Instruments

Equity Instruments are any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Debt or equity instruments issued by the company are classified as either financial liability or as equity in accordance with the substance of contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liabilities and an equity instruments.

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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

8 Fair value measurement

The company measures some of its financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 — inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

9 Dividend

The Company recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

C Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes.

- Assessment of useful life of Investment Property.



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025



3 : Investment Property

(Rs./lakhs)

	Building at Gurgaon-1	Building at Gurgaon-2	Building at Mumbai	Building at Uttarakhand	Total
Gross carrying amount					
Balance as at March 31,2023	1,919.95	668.33	309.48	309.58	3,207.34
Additions/adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31,2024	1,919.95	668.33	309.48	309.58	3,207.34
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at March 31,2023	191.46	55.20	28.06	27.09	301.81
Depreciation charge during the period	38.29	11.04	5.61	5.42	60.36
Disposals/adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31,2024	229.75	66.24	33.67	32.51	362.17
Net carrying amount as at March 31,2024	1,690.20	602.09	275.81	277.07	2,845.17
Gross carrying amount					
Balance as at March 31,2024	1,919.95	668.33	309.48	309.58	3,207.34
Additions/adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31,2025	1,919.95	668.33	309.48	309.58	3,207.34
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at March 31,2024	229.75	66.24	33.67	32.51	362.17
Depreciation charge during the period	38.29	11.04	5.61	5.42	60.36
Disposals/adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31,2025	268.04	77.28	39.28	37.93	422.53
Net carrying amount as at March 31,2025	1,651.91	591.05	270.20	271.65	2,784.81

Notes:

- i) The company has availed exemption available under Ind AS 101 and has elected to measure all its investment property at carrying value as per previous accounting standard.
- ii) The Company has disclosed the fair value of investment properties on the basis of circle rate for the area. The Company has not used registered valuer (as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017) for such fair valuation of investment properties.

Property at	Area (sq ft.)	Circle Rate (Rs. per sq ft.)	Amount in Lakhs
Greenwood City, Sector-45, Gurgaon-122003	50,475	12,650	6,385.09
Unitech Business Zone, Sector-49, Gurgaon-122001	9,168	8,400	770.11
Western Edge-I, Borivali (East), Mumbai	2,522	20,301	512.08
Village Neerah Rishikesh, Uttarakhand	2,422	14,090	341.25
Total market value			8,008.53

iii) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss for Investment Properties

Amount in lakhs

Particulars	Year Ended March 31,2025	Year Ended March 31,2024
Rental Income	720.56	720.47
Less: Operating expenses related to investment properties	12.06	17.91
Profit from leasing of investment properties before depreciation	708.50	702.56
Less: Depreciation expenses	60.36	60.36
Profit from leasing of investment properties after depreciation	648.14	642.20



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

4. Investments

Scrip	Par Value (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
		Qty. (Nos.)	Amount (Rs./lakhs)	Qty. (Nos.)	Amount (Rs./lakhs)

Non Current-Investments:

At Amortised Cost

Investments in Equity Instruments

Unquoted Investment

Share in KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP (Subsidiary)	90%	23.40	90%	1,643.40
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Total Investments in Equity Instruments (A)

23.40

1,643.40

Financial Instruments through FVTOCI

Unquoted- OCRPS

SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	10	4,09,478	3,250.00	-	-
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Unquoted-Private Equity Fund/AIF

Alpha Alternative MSAR LLP	100	9,99,950	1,121.79	9,99,950	1,089.29
India Equity Fund 1	100	7,00,000	675.34	-	-
TVS Shriram Fund 4	1,000	5,000	50.00	-	-
TVS Shriram Fund 4	1,000	7,500	75.00	-	-

Financial Instruments at FVTOCI (B)

5,172.13

1,089.29

Investments in Equity Mutual Fund

Bandhan Nifty Alpha 50 Index -Direct Growth	10	63,18,755.018	768.46	-	-
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Financial Instruments at FVTOCI (C)

768.46

Total Non-current Investments (A+B+C)

5,963.99

2,732.69

Current-Investments:

Financial Instruments through FVTPL

DSP Liquidity Fund - Direct Growth	1,000	4,004.903	148.51	6,594.995	227.62
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Total current Investments

148.51

227.62



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Cash in hand	-	0.07
Balance with banks on Current accounts	15.08	18.99
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	15.08	19.06



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

6. Loans

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Unsecured, Considered good		
Loan to related parties*	-	686.00

- 686.00

*Details of Related Parties

Name of the Party	Nature of Loan	Relationship	March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs	March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs	Percentage to the total loans as on March 31, 2025	Percentage to the total loans as on March 31, 2024
Shri Educare Limited	Loan repayable on demand	Related Party (Fellow Subsidiary)	-	286.00	-	42%
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	Loan repayable on demand	Related Party (Fellow Subsidiary)	-	400.00	-	58%
Total			-	686.00	-	100%

7. Other Financial Assets

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Security Deposit	30.53	30.53
Maintenance Deposit	8.25	8.25
Amount receivable from Investment	107.22	77.90
Others	3.47	3.47
	149.47	120.15

8. Other Current Assets

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Prepaid expenses	0.49	0.49
	0.49	0.49



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025



9. Share Capital

	As at March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs	As at March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs
AUTHORISED		
20,00,000 (March 31, 2024 - 20,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	200.00	200.00
Total Authorised Capital	200.00	200.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP		
60,020 (March 31, 2024 - 60,020) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	6.00	6.00
Total Issued, Subscribed and Paid up capital	6.00	6.00

a) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	In Nos.	Rs./lakhs
As at April 1, 2023	60,020	6.00
Shares issued during the year	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	60,020	6.00
As at April 1, 2024	60,020	6.00
Shares issued during the period	-	-
Shares bought back during the period	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	60,020	6.00

b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The final dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

During the year ended March 31, 2025, interim dividend paid to equity shareholders: Nil (March 31, 2024: interim dividend of Rs. 1,415 per share i.e. 14150% had been paid to equity shareholders)

c) Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
KAMA Holdings Limited and its nominees	60,020	100%	60,020	100%

In the period of immediately preceding five years, the Company has not allotted any bonus shares.

e) Shareholding of Promoters

Name of the Promoter	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024		% Change during the year
	No. of shares	% of Total Shares	No. of shares	% of Total Shares	
KAMA Holdings Limited and its nominees	60,020	100%	60,020	100%	0%



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

10. Other Equity

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Capital redemption reserve	0.02	0.02
Other comprehensive income	48.97	126.63
Retained Earnings	8,643.01	6,136.99
Total Reserves and Surplus	8,692.00	6,263.64

10.1 Capital Redemption Reserve

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Balance at beginning of year	0.02	0.02
Movement	-	-
Balance at end of period	0.02	0.02

Capital redemption reserve is a statutory non distributable reserve into which amounts were transferred following the redemption or purchase of company own shares.

10.2 Retained Earnings

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Balance at beginning of year	6,136.99	6,415.21
Profit for the year	2,506.02	571.06
Less: Dividend paid during the year	-	(849.28)
Balance at end of year	8,643.01	6,136.99

10.3 Other Comprehensive Income

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Balance at beginning of year	126.63	71.01
Net fair value gain on investment in equity instruments at FVTOCI	(77.66)	55.62
Balance at end of year	48.97	126.63



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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

11. Other financial liabilities

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Security Deposit	304.63	282.61
Sundry Creditors	0.01	-
	304.64	282.61

12. Other non-current liabilities

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Deferred Income	34.05	53.66
	34.05	53.66

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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

13. Other financial liabilities

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Expenses payable	0.23	0.23
Liability towards unspent expenditure on CSR*	13.60	-
	13.83	0.23

*CSR Ongoing project with KARM Trust as per agreement dated 14.02.2025. The amount was transferred to Unspent CSR Bank Account on 30th April 2025.

14. Other current liabilities

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Statutory dues	10.53	10.51
	10.53	10.51

15. Current Tax Liabilities

	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Provision for taxation	19.73	13.97
	19.73	13.97

16. Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)

Deferred tax liabilities on account of	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Fair value on Investments	(18.43)	0.56
Total Deferred Tax Liabilities	(18.43)	0.56

The movement of provision for deferred tax is given below:

Particulars	Rs./lakhs
As at April 1, 2023 Deferred Tax (Liability) / Assets	-
(Charged) / credited:	
- to Statement of Profit and Loss	(0.56)
- to other comprehensive income	-
As at 31st March, 2024 Deferred Tax (Liability) / Assets	(0.56)
(Charged) / credited:	
- to Statement of Profit and Loss	0.18
- to other comprehensive income	18.81
As at 31st March, 2025 Deferred Tax (Liability) / Assets	18.43



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

17. Revenue from Operations

	Year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Rent Received	720.56	720.47
	720.56	720.47

18. Other Income

	Year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Interest Income		
▪ On loan to related party	46.59	55.69
▪ Others	85.15	56.61
Share of profit from LLP	1,917.00	-
Net Gain/(loss) on fair value changes		
Realised	7.54	1.23
Unrealised	(0.72)	2.23
	2,055.56	115.76



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

19. Finance Costs

	Year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Interest on Security Deposits*	22.66	20.93
	22.66	20.93

* Interest on security deposits has been recognised pursuant to discounting of security deposits taken from lessee against letting out of Investment Properties in accordance with Ind AS 109.

20. Depreciation and amortization expenses

	Year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Depreciation on Investment Property	60.36	60.36
	60.36	60.36



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

21. Other expenses

	Year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Professional and legal charges	0.41	0.65
Insurance Expenses	0.95	0.99
Rates and taxes	0.48	0.96
Property Tax	10.91	10.94
Corporate Social Responsibility Activities	14.60	13.05
Auditors' Remuneration		
- Audit Fees	0.70	0.70
Miscellaneous expenses	3.00	6.29
	31.05	33.58

22. Income Tax

	Year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs./lakhs)	Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs./lakhs)
Current tax		
In relation to current year	154.61	149.56
Adjustment in relation to earlier years	1.60	0.18
	156.21	149.74

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profits as follows:

Profit before tax	2,662.05	721.36
Income Tax Expenses @ 25.168%	669.99	181.55
Expenses not allowed	20.09	20.72
Standard Deduction	(52.05)	(52.05)
Exempt Income under 10(2A)	(482.47)	-
Other adjustments	(0.95)	(0.66)
Income tax recognised in statement of profit and loss in relation to earlier years	1.60	0.18
Total Income tax expenses recognised in profit and loss	156.21	149.74

23. Earnings Per Share

	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Profit after tax (Rs. in Lakhs)	2,506.02	571.06
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	60,020	60,020
Basic and diluted earnings per share in rupees (face value- Rs. 10 per share)	4,175.31	951.44



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

24. Operating Lease:

The Company has entered into operating lease agreements with M/s SRF Limited, Shri Educare Limited, and SRF Foundation for four office premises owned by it in Gurgaon and one office premises in Mumbai.

During the current financial year, the office premises leased to SRF Foundation was vacated in May and subsequently leased out to Shri Educare Limited.

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 116 – "Leases", the Company has evaluated the nature of these lease arrangements. One of the office premises in Gurgaon is classified as a non-cancellable lease, while the remaining leases are cancellable in nature.

a) The disclosures relating to gross carrying amount, the accumulated depreciation at the balance sheet date have been made in Note no. 3 titled "Investment Property" to the balance sheet. There has been no impairment and hence the question of reversal does not arise.

b) The lease rentals credited to Statement of Profit and Loss Account (before Ind AS 109 adjustments) are Rs. 700.31 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 700.31 Lakhs) which includes both cancellable and non cancellable lease.

c) The future minimum lease payments to be received under non-cancellable operating leases in the aggregate and for each of the following periods:

	As at March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs	As at March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs
Not later than one year	605.70	605.70
Later than one year and not later than five years@	353.33	959.03
Second year	353.33	605.70
Third year	-	353.33
Fourth year	-	-
Fifth year	-	-
Later than five years @#	-	-

@ Assuming rent for lease, if any, which is due for review during the aforesaid period, is fixed at the existing level.

Lease rent considered up to the period of existing contract.

25. Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment: Nil

26. Foreign Exchange Outgo and Income: Nil

27. Disclosure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expense:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025 Rs./lakhs	As at 31st March 2024 Rs./lakhs
(i) CSR expenditure as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013	14.44	13.05
(ii) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	14.60	13.05
(iii) Actual amount spent during the year	1.00	13.05
(iv) Amount unspent during the year (in respect of ongoing projects)	13.60	Nil
(v) Amount spent during the year on :		
a) construction /acquisition of an assets	-	-
b) On purpose other than (a) above	1.00	13.05
(vi) Detail of related party transactions*	1.00	-
(vii) Nature of CSR activities	Towards education and gender equality where it is supporting women and girls from less privileged backgrounds.	Towards nutrition and healthy meals to children



KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(viii) Details of ongoing CSR project under section Sec 135(6) of the Companies Act, 2013

Opening Balance		Amount required to be spent	Amount spent during the year		Closing Balance	
With Company's bank account	In separate CSR Unspent A/C		From Company's bank account	From separate CSR Unspent A/C	With Company's bank account	In separate CSR Unspent A/C
-	-	14.60	1.00	-	13.60*	-

* The amount was transferred to Unspent CSR Bank Account on 30th April 2025.

28. Ratios

The ratios for the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, to the extent applicable, are as follows:

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	Variance	Reason for Variance, if variance >25%
Current Ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	7.53	42.63	-74.45%	Refund of loans in the current year has reduced current Assets as at 31 March 2025, thereby causing the variation.
Return on Equity (ROE)	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	33.49%	8.95%	274.19%	Due to the receipt of share of profit from the LLP during the current year, overall Net profit has increased, resulting in a higher ROE ratio.
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue	Working Capital	2.50	0.70	241.43%	Receipt of loans in the current year has reduced Working capital as at 31 March 2025, thereby causing the variation.
Net profit ratio	Net profit	Revenue	347.79%	79.26%	338.80%	Due to the receipt of share of profit from the LLP during the current year, overall Net profit has increased, resulting in a higher ratio.
Return on capital employed (ROCE)	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	30.87%	11.84%	35.94%	Due to the receipt of share of profit from the LLP during the current year, overall Net profit has increased, resulting in a higher ratio.
Return on Investment (ROI)	Income generated from investments	Time weighted average investment	-0.10%	2.82%	-103.55%	Due to unrealised loss in investments in the current year

29. Related Party Transactions

(i) List of related parties and relationships :

(a)	Holding Company	KAMA Holdings Ltd.
(b)	Subsidiary	KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP
(c)	Fellow Subsidiaries	Shri Educare Limited
		SRF Limited
		SRF Transnational Holdings Limited
(d)	Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the reporting enterprise that gives them control or significant influence over the enterprise, and relatives of any such individual.	Arun Bharat Ram
		Ashish Bharat Ram
		Kartik Bharat Ram
(e)	Enterprises over which any person described in (d) is able to exercise significant influence	KARM Trust
		SRF Foundation
(f)	Key Management Personnel and Directors	Ekta Maheshwari, Director
		Anandi Prasad, Director
		Garima Puri, Director



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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(ii) Transactions During the year with related parties :

	Year ended March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs
Loan/ICD given :		
Shri Educare Ltd	180.00	281.00
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	2,150.00	1,456.00
KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP	-	40.00
Loan/ICD repaid :		
Shri Educare Ltd	466.00	515.00
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	2,550.00	1,056.00
KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP	-	40.00
Investment made:		
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	3,250.00	-
Capital Contribution:		
KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP	405.00	-
Capital return:		
KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP	2,025.00	3,060.00
Dividend Paid		
KAMA Holdings Limited	-	849.28
Loan/ICD taken :		
Kama Holdings Limited	50.00	-
Loan/ICD refunded :		
Kama Holdings Limited	50.00	2,230.00
Share of profit from Investment		
KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP	1,917.00	-
Rent Received:		
Shri Educare Ltd	45.20	36.63
SRF Ltd	654.33	654.33
SRF Foundation	0.78	9.35
Security Deposit Paid:		
SRF Foundation	4.67	-
Security Deposit Received:		
Shri Educare Limited	4.67	-
Interest received :		
Shri Educare Ltd	13.12	38.15
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	33.48	17.55
Corporate Social Responsibility Activities paid:		
KARM Trust	1.00	-

(iii) Balances at year end with related parties :

	As at March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs	As at March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs
Loan Receivable:		
Shri Educare Limited	-	286.00
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	-	400.00
Investment		
KAMA Real Estate Holdings LLP	23.40	1,643.40
SRF Transnational Holdings Limited	3,250.00	-
Security Deposit Payable:		
SRF Limited	324.32	324.32
Shri Educare Limited	22.99	18.32
SRF Foundation	-	4.67



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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

30. The company has no amounts due to micro and small enterprises covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) as at 31.03.2025. The disclosure pursuant to the said Act has been given below on the basis of information available with the company:

S No.	Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
1	The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
2	The Interest due remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
3	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16.	-	-
4	Amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
5	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act.	-	-
6	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
7	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such dated when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure.	-	-

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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

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31.1 Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern and provide reasonable return to the shareholders through maintaining reasonable balance between Debt and equity. The present capital structure of the Company consists of equity only. The Company's management reviews the capital structure of the Company on a periodic basis. As part of review, the management considers the cost of capital and risk associated with each class of capital. The Company also evaluates its gearing measures like Debt Equity Ratio, Debt Service Coverage Ratio, Interest Service Coverage Ratio, Debt to EBITDA Ratio to arrive at an appropriate level of debt, if required, and accordingly evolve its capital structure.

31.2 Financial Risk Management

The Company's present principal financial liabilities comprises other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to support Company's operations. The Company's present principal financial assets include investments, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational and business risk. The Company's management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's management reviews the financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The Company's management ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company's policies and risk objectives. The major risks are summarised below:

Market Risk and Interest Rate Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. In the case of the Company, market risk primarily impacts financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss/ other comprehensive income(OCI).

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rate as it has debt obligations with fixed interest rates which are measured at amortised cost.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or a customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its financing activities towards inter corporate deposits to related parties, where no significant impact on credit risk has been identified.

Equity price risk:

The Company's investment in non-listed equity securities are accounted at cost in the financial statement net of impairment. The expected cash flow from these entities are regularly monitored to identify impairment indicators.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. The Company manages its liquidity requirement by analysing the maturity pattern of the Company's cash flow of financial assets and financial liabilities. The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through issuance of equity shares and obtaining unsecured loans. The Company invests its surplus funds in Group companies.

The table below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity profiles based on their contractual maturities:

	Rs./lakhs			
	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year and upto 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2025				
Other financial liabilities	37.96	280.50	-	318.46
As at March 31, 2024				
Other financial liabilities	4.03	278.80	-	282.83

31.3 Financial instruments by categories

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025 Rs./lakhs			As at March 31, 2024 Rs./lakhs		
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	15.08	-	-	19.06	-
Loans	-	-	-	-	686.00	-
Investment*	148.51	-	5,940.59	227.62	-	1,089.29
Other financial assets	-	149.47	-	-	120.15	-
	148.51	164.55	5,940.59	227.62	825.21	1,089.29
Financial Liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	-	318.46	-	-	282.83	-
	-	318.46	-	-	282.83	-

*Investments value excludes investment in subsidiary of INR 23.40 lakhs (2024: INR 1,643.40 lakhs) which are shown at cost in balance sheet as per Ind AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements".



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KAMA REALTY (DELHI) LIMITED



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

31.4 Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value and have been grouped into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 :

	Rs./lakhs			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at March 31, 2025				
Investments	-	916.97	5,172.13	6,089.10
As at March 31, 2024				
Investments	-	227.62	1,089.29	1,316.91

Level 1:

Quoted prices in the active market. This level of hierarchy includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices in the active market.

Level 2:

Valuation techniques with observable inputs. This level of hierarchy includes items measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for such items, either directly or indirectly. This level of hierarchy consists of over the counter (OTC) derivative contracts, Open Ended Mutual Funds, Bonds and Debentures.

Level 3:

Valuation techniques with unobservable inputs. This level of hierarchy includes items measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair value determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instruments nor based on available market data. The main item in this category are unquoted equity instruments and others.

3.2 Detail of loans given, investments made, Securities and Guarantees given on behalf of other companies as required under section 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013:-

A) Closing balances of loans given, investments made, Securities/Guarantees given as at March 31, 2025:

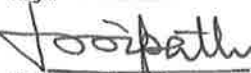
Particulars	Balance as on 31.03.2025 Amt. (Rs.lakhs)	Balance as on 31.03.2024 Amt. (Rs.lakhs)	Reference	Purpose
Loans	-	686.00	Refer note 6	Funding of the principal business activities of the fellow subsidiary
Investments	6,112.50	2,960.31	Refer note 4	Long term investments in subsidiary and investments in mutual funds/AIF/OCRPS/Private Equity as part of Company's cash management
Guarantees / Securities given	NIL	NIL	NA	NA

B) Details of Loans provided during financial year 2024-25

Name of the entity	Nature of Loan	Relationship	Amt. (Rs.lakhs)	Purpose
Shri Educare Limited	Unsecured Loan, repayable on demand	Fellow Subsidiary	180.00	Funding of the principal business activities of the fellow subsidiary
SRF Transnational Holdings Ltd.	Unsecured Loan, repayable on demand	Fellow Subsidiary	2,150.00	Funding of the principal business activities of the fellow subsidiary

The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts from 1st April, 2023 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each changes made in books of account along with the date when such changes were made and the same is operated throughout the year. Also, the audit trail cannot be disabled. Also, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

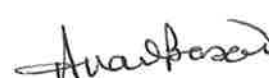
As per our report of even date
For V SAHAI TRIPATHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Regn. No. 000262N


Vishwas Tripathi
Partner
M.No. 086897
Place: Gurugram, Haryana
Date: 29.05.2025



For KAMA Realty (Delhi) Limited


Ekta Maheshwari
(Director)
(DIN No. 02071432)
Place: Gurugram, Haryana
Date: 29.05.2025


Anandi Prasad
(Director)
(DIN: 06385576)
Place: Gurugram, Haryana
Date: 29.05.2025